

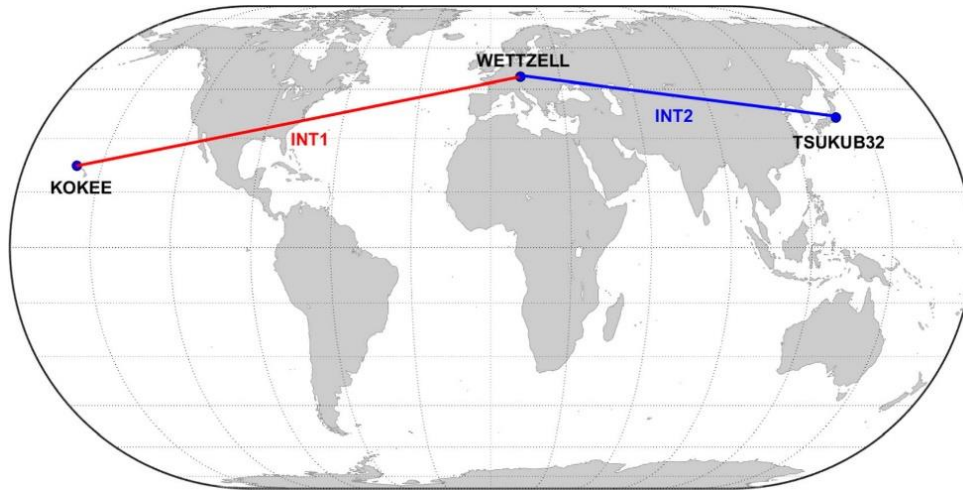
VLBI Intensive sessions: the selection of baselines for UT1 estimation

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VLBI Intensive sessions

- 1 hour single baseline sessions dedicated to derive UT1-UTC
- most commonly observed baselines from [2019;2021]*:
- identifying the **optimal VLBI baseline geometry**



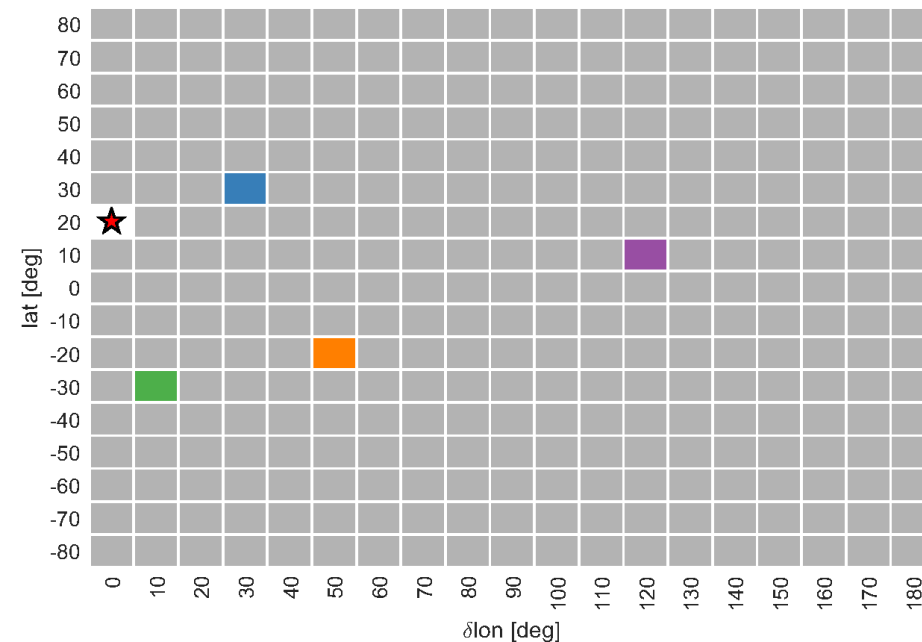
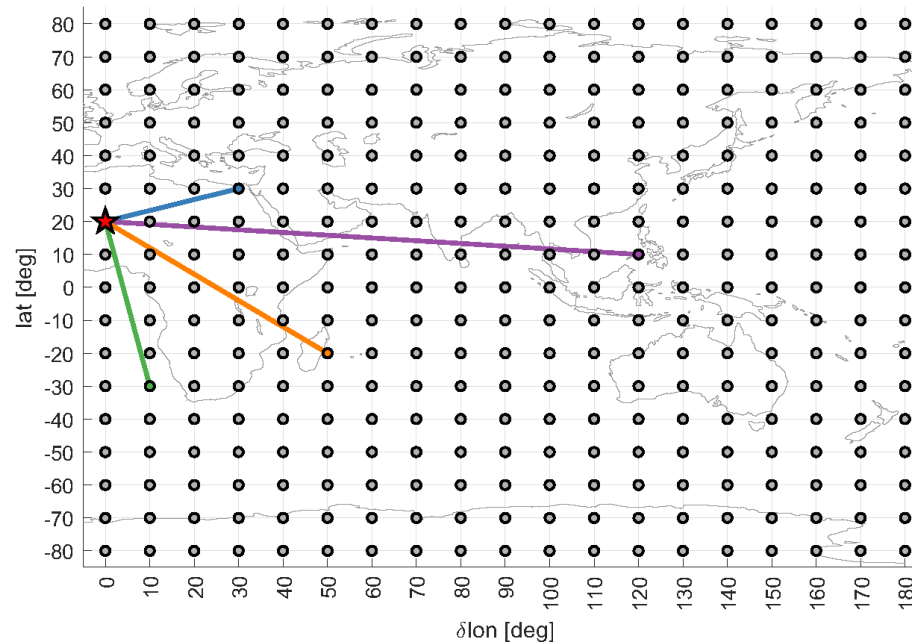
Landskron and Böhm (2019)

baseline	count
Kk – Wz	899
Wz – Is	367
Mk – Wz	251
Ny – Wz	203
Pt – Wz	144
Mk – Pt	111
Wz - Sh	107
Ny – Is	103

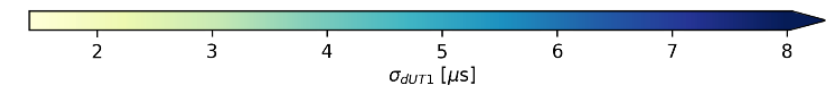
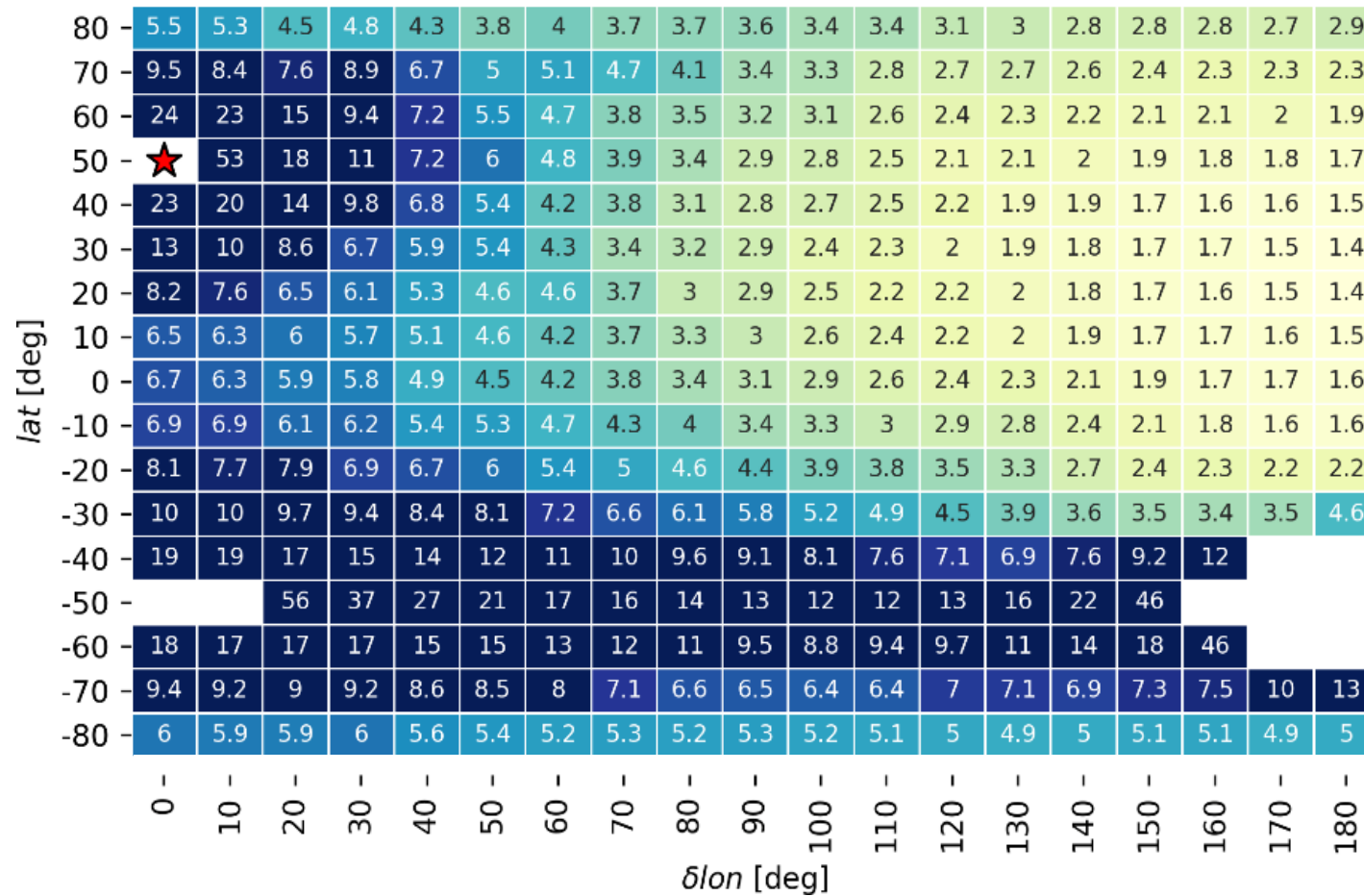
* <https://ivscc.gsfc.nasa.gov/sessions/>

Experiment setup

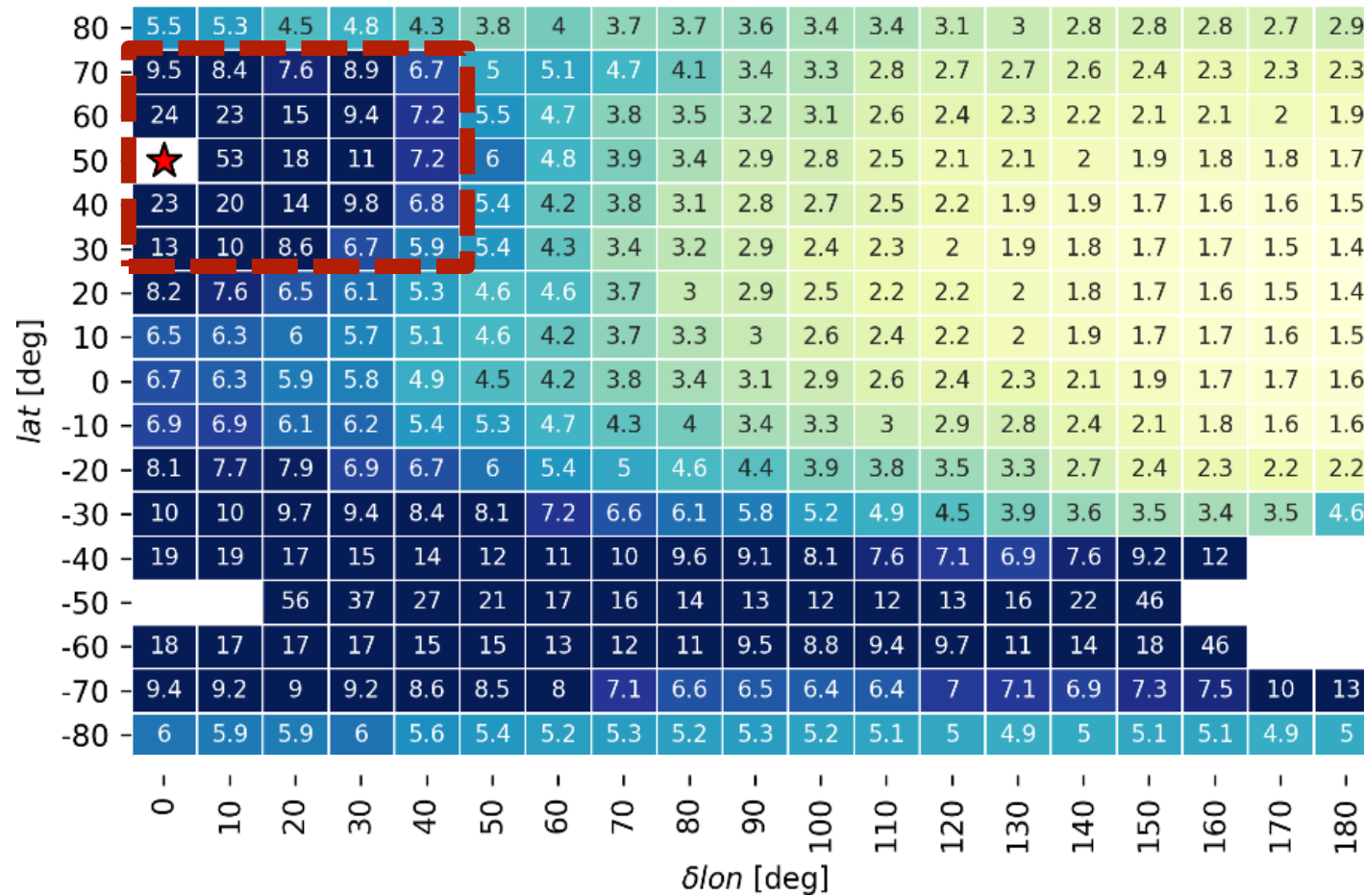
- $10^\circ \times 10^\circ$ global grid
- scheduling and simulation:
 - 2898 baselines
 - monthly 1h-long sessions over 1 year with a fixed start time
 - **focus corner observations** (*Uunila et al., 2012*) (*Baver and Gipson, 2015*)



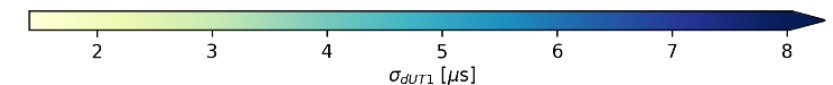
Optimal VLBI baseline geometry



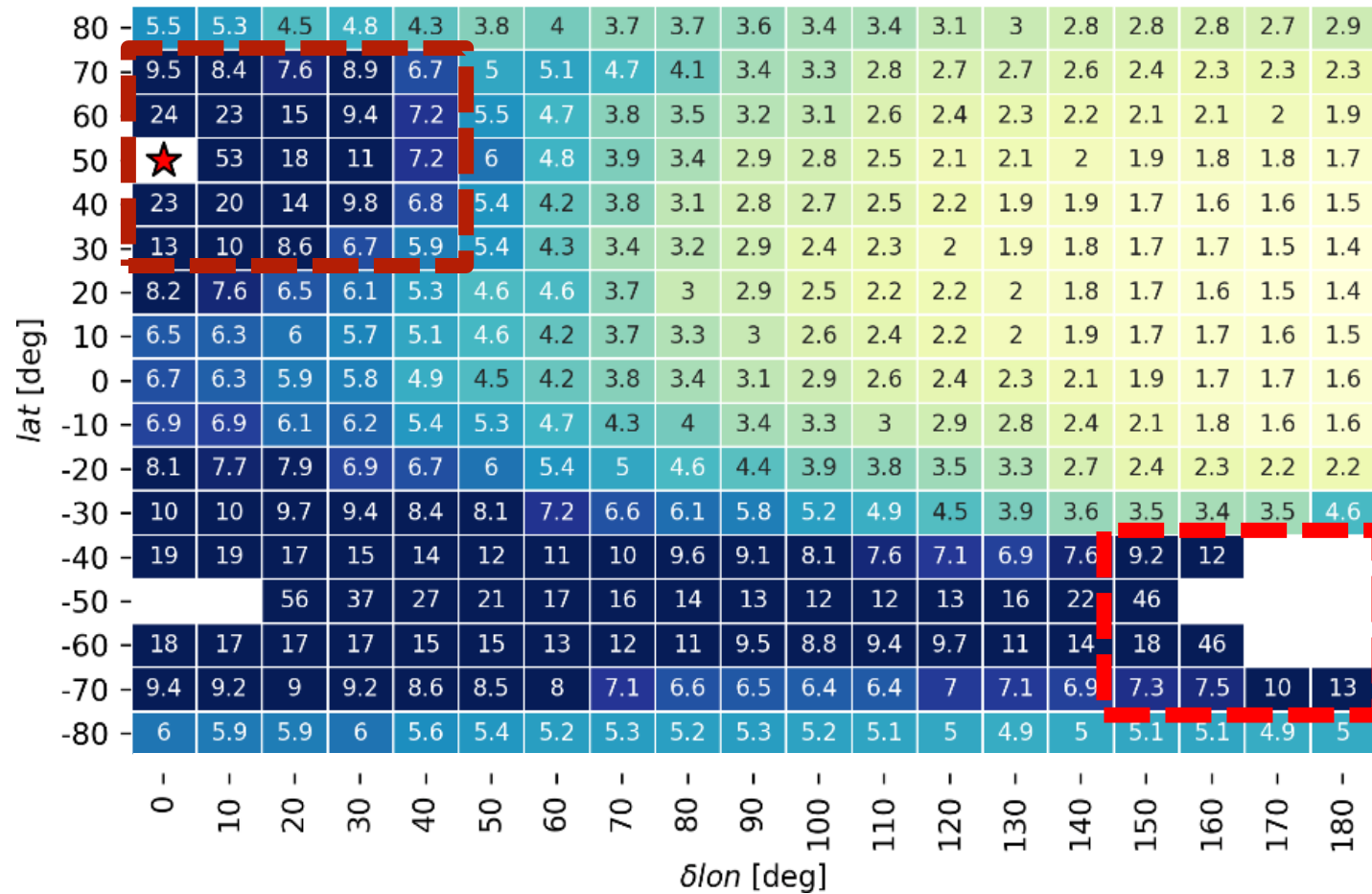
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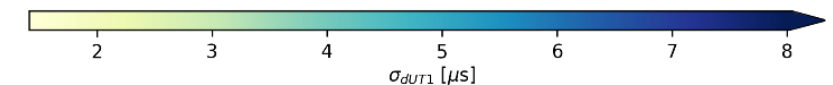
- high $\bar{\sigma}_{dUT1}$
 -  short baselines
 -  very long baselines
 -  baseline orientation parallel to Earth rotation vector/
mid-point close to equator
 $lat1 + lat2 \approx 0$



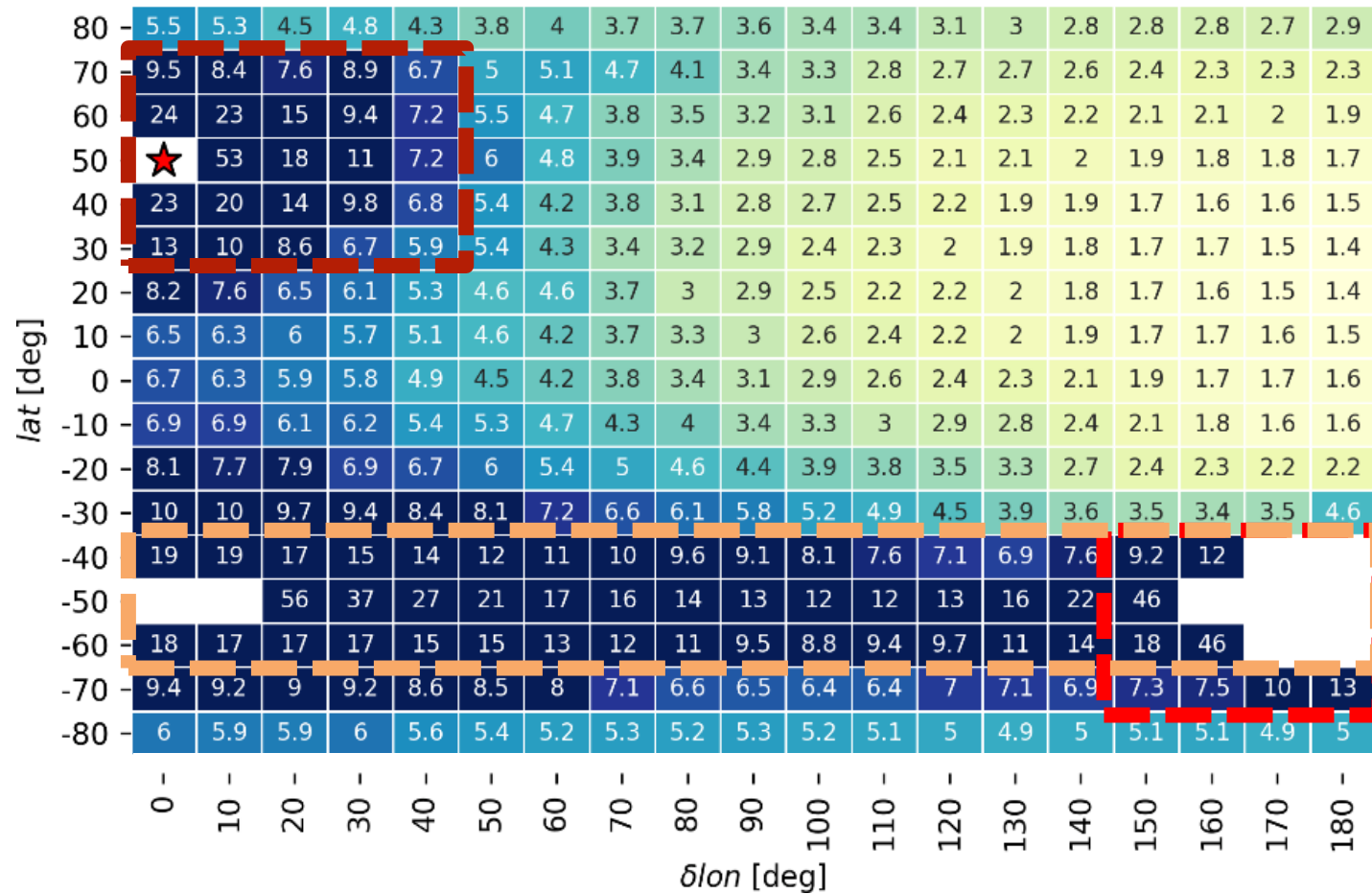
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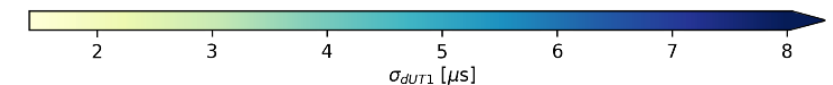
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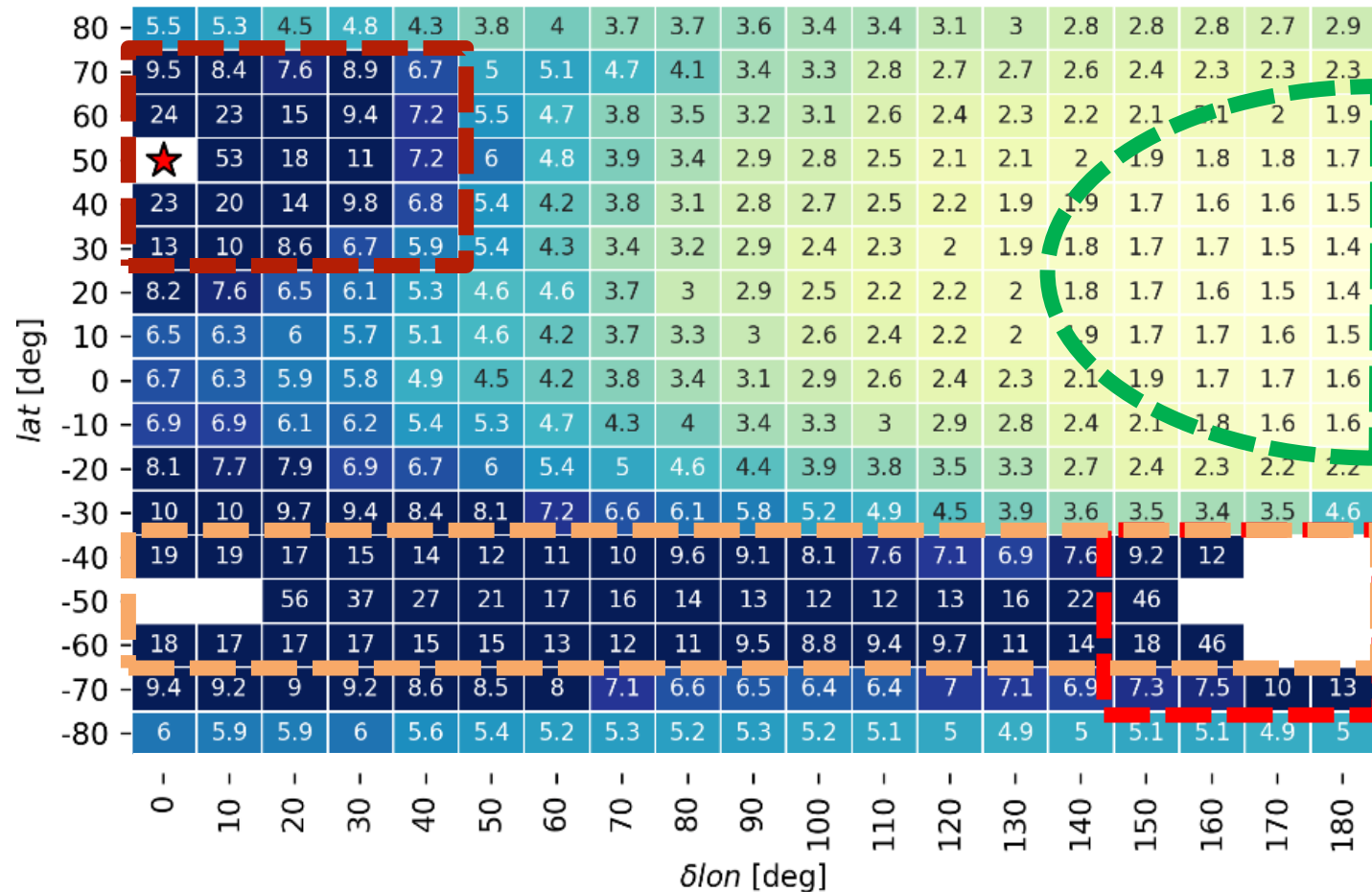
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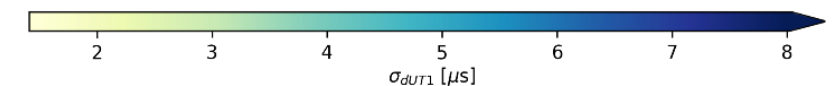
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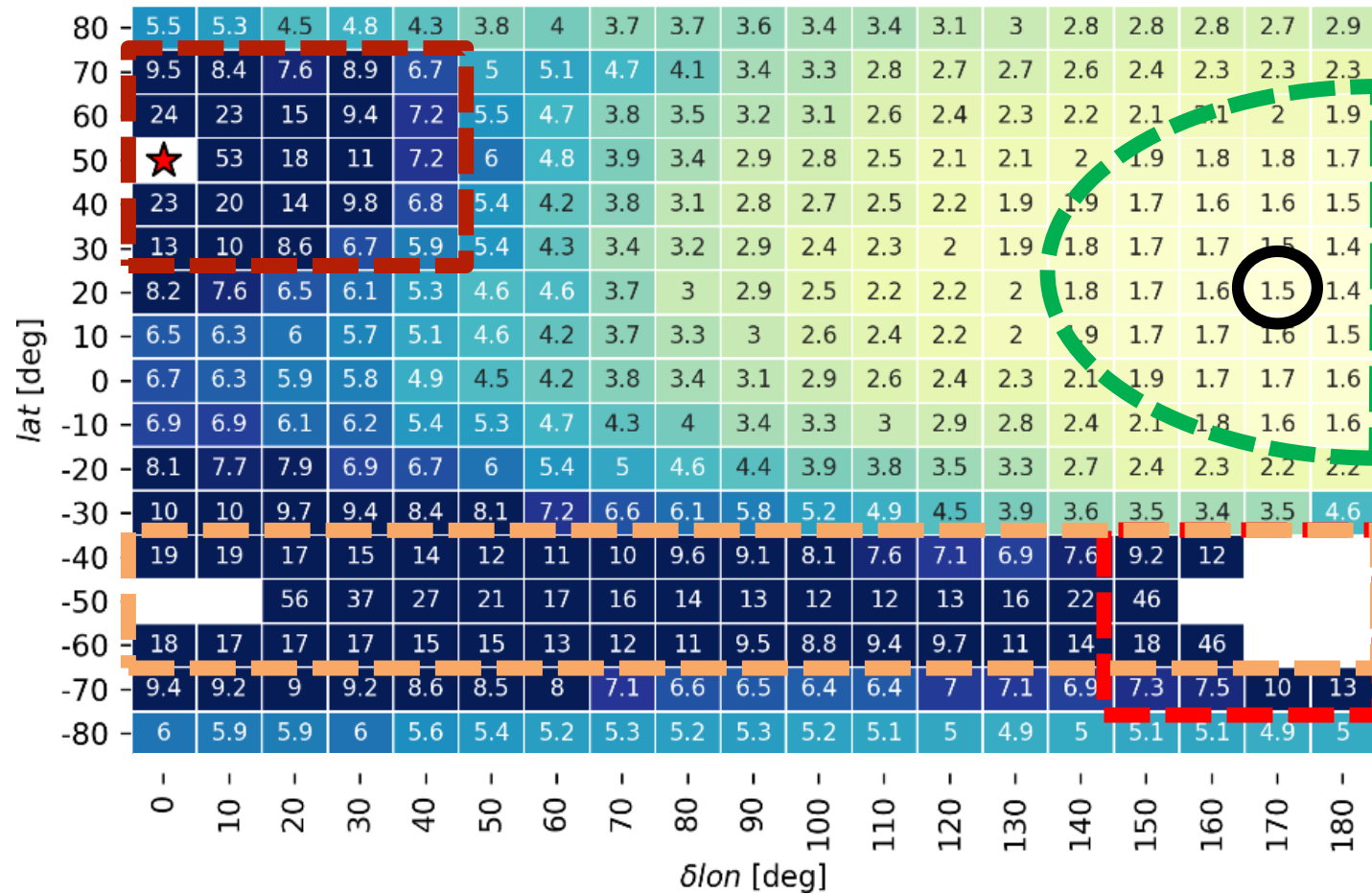
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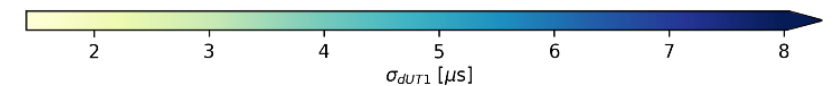
- high $\bar{\sigma}_{dUT1}$
 -  short baselines
 -  very long baselines
 -  baseline orientation parallel to Earth rotation vector/
mid-point close to equator
 $lat1 + lat2 \approx 0$
- optimal baselines
 -  high-to-mid-lat and low-to-mid-lat baselines and large δlon



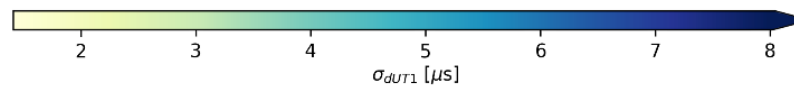
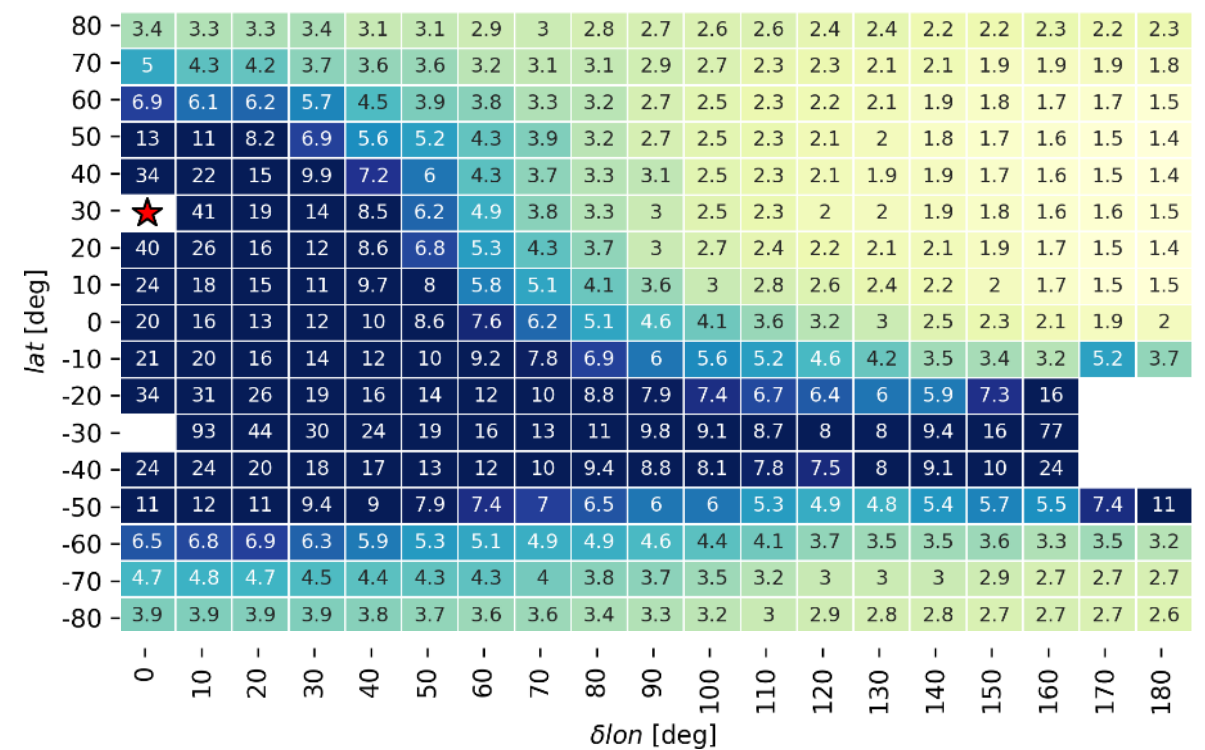
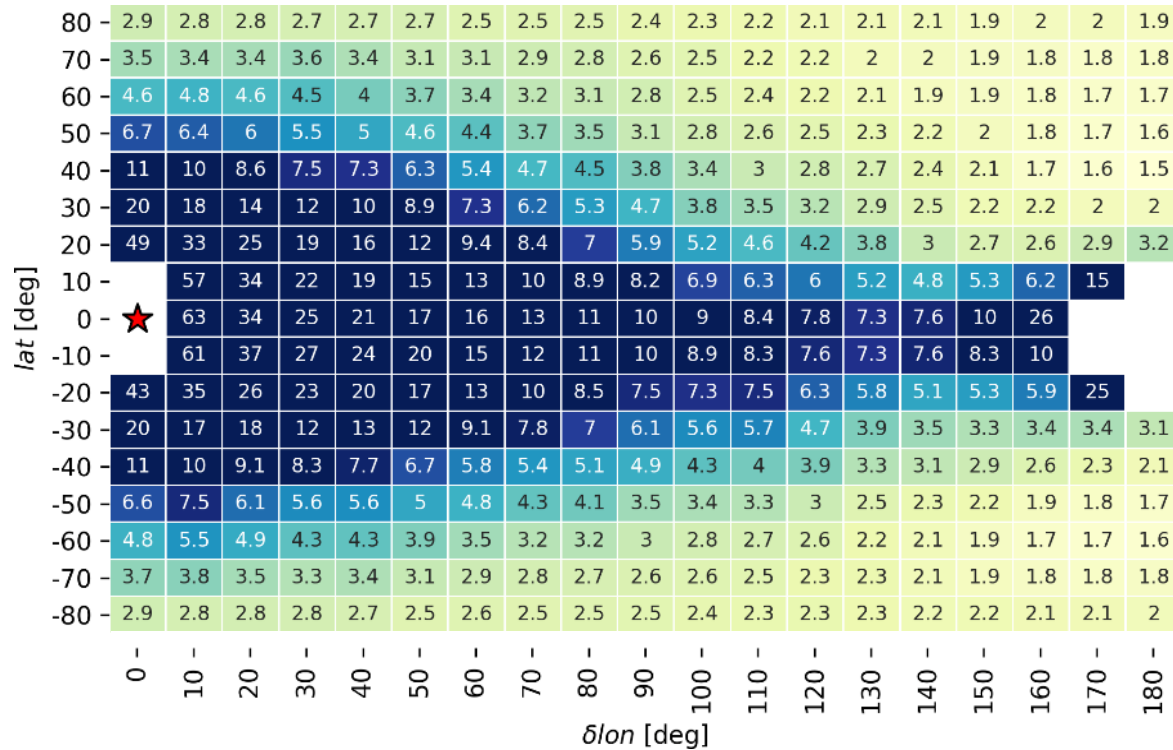
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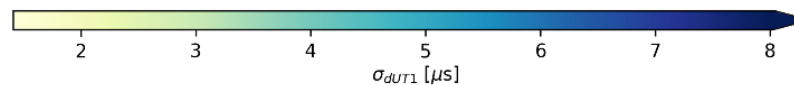
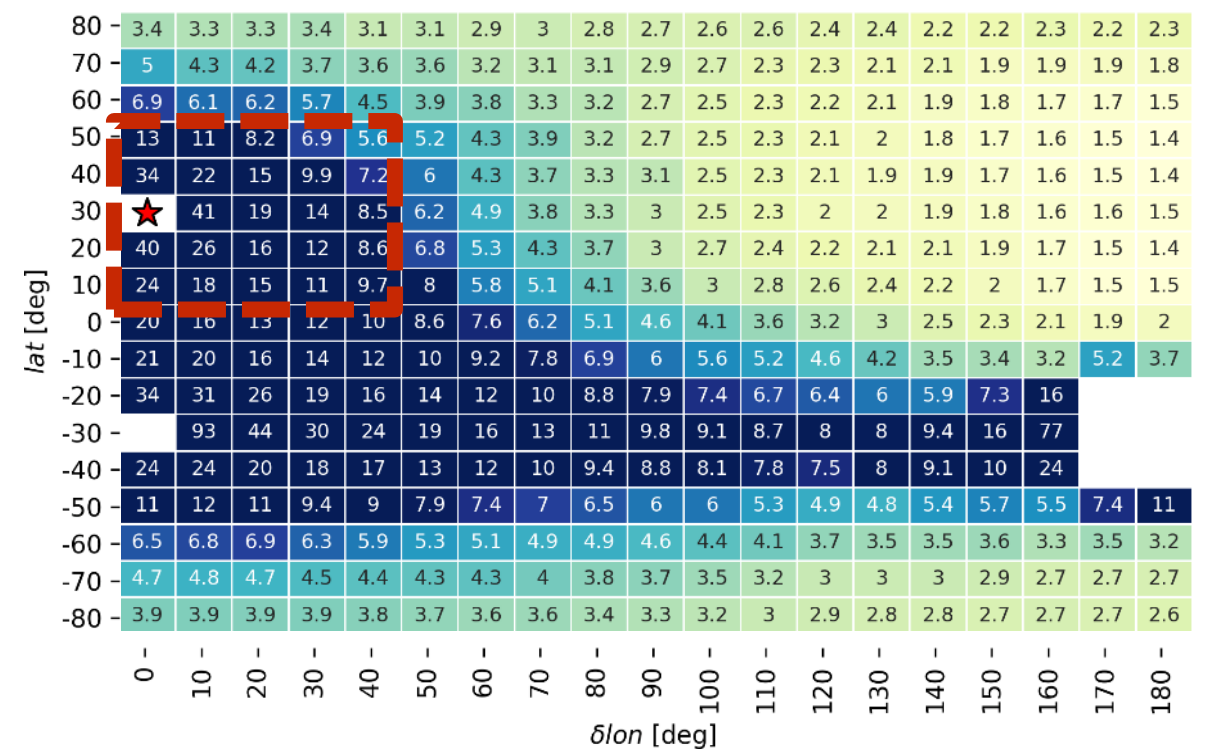
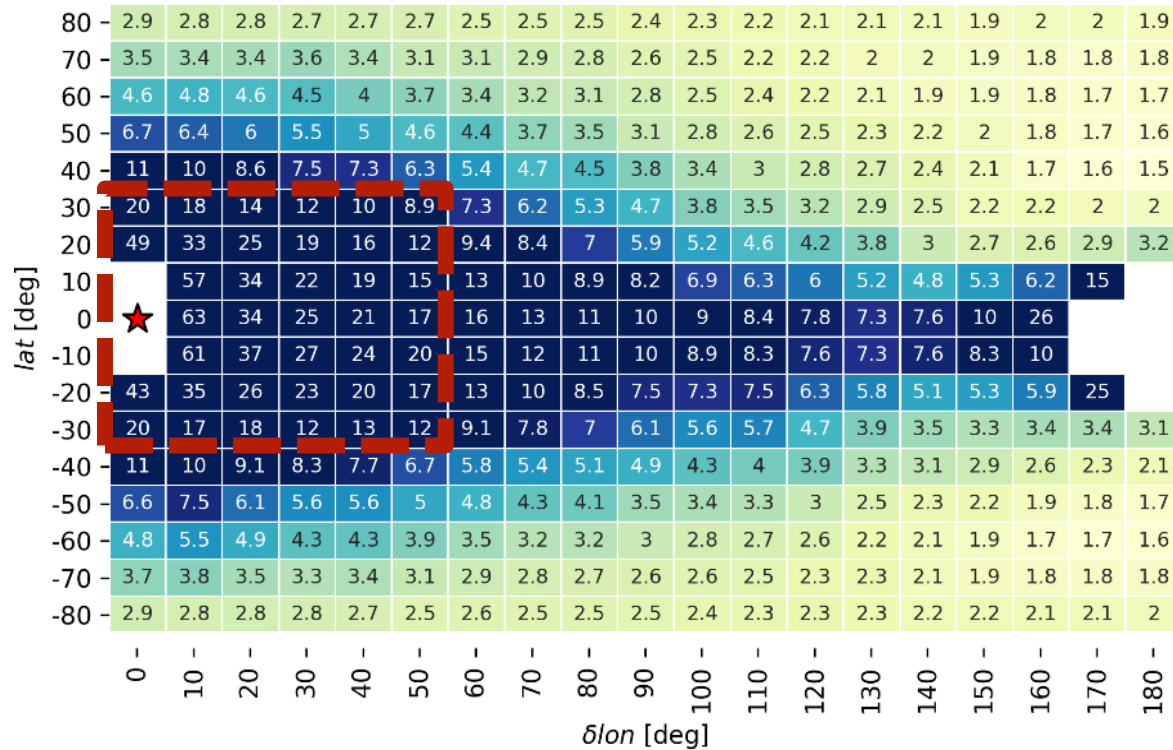
★ Wz
○ Kk



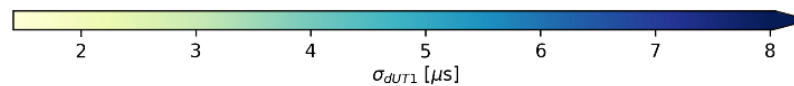
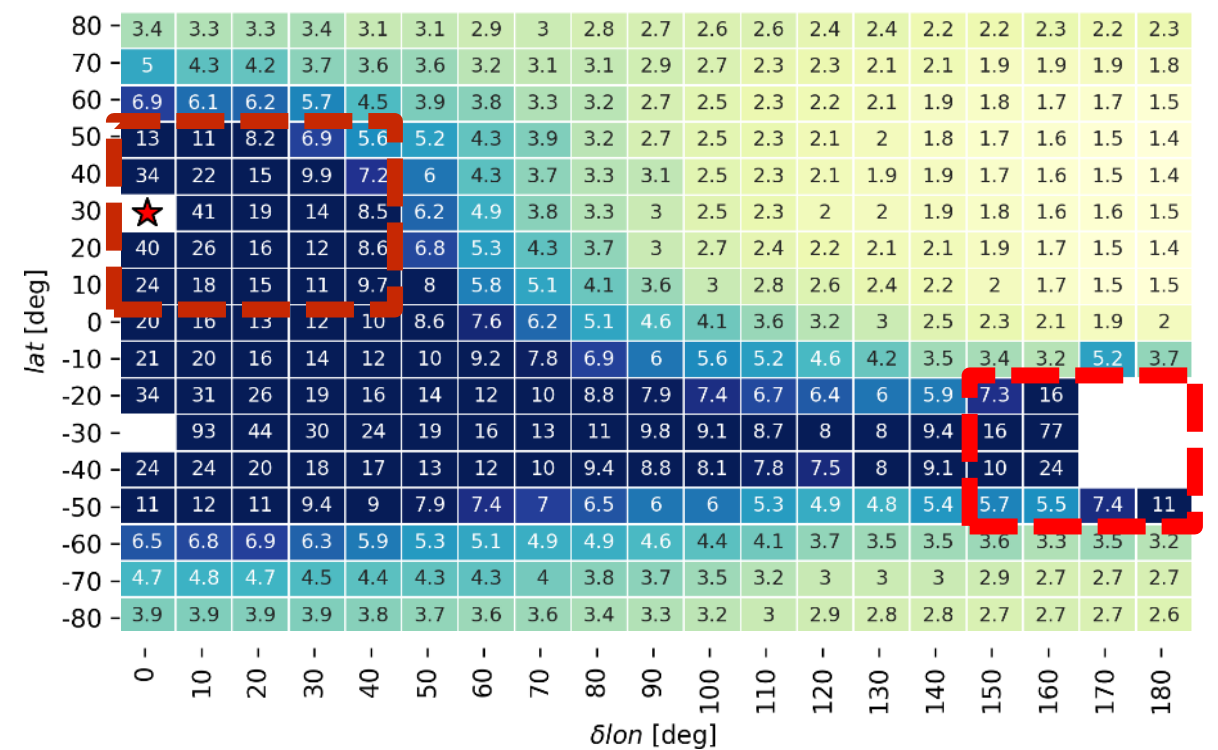
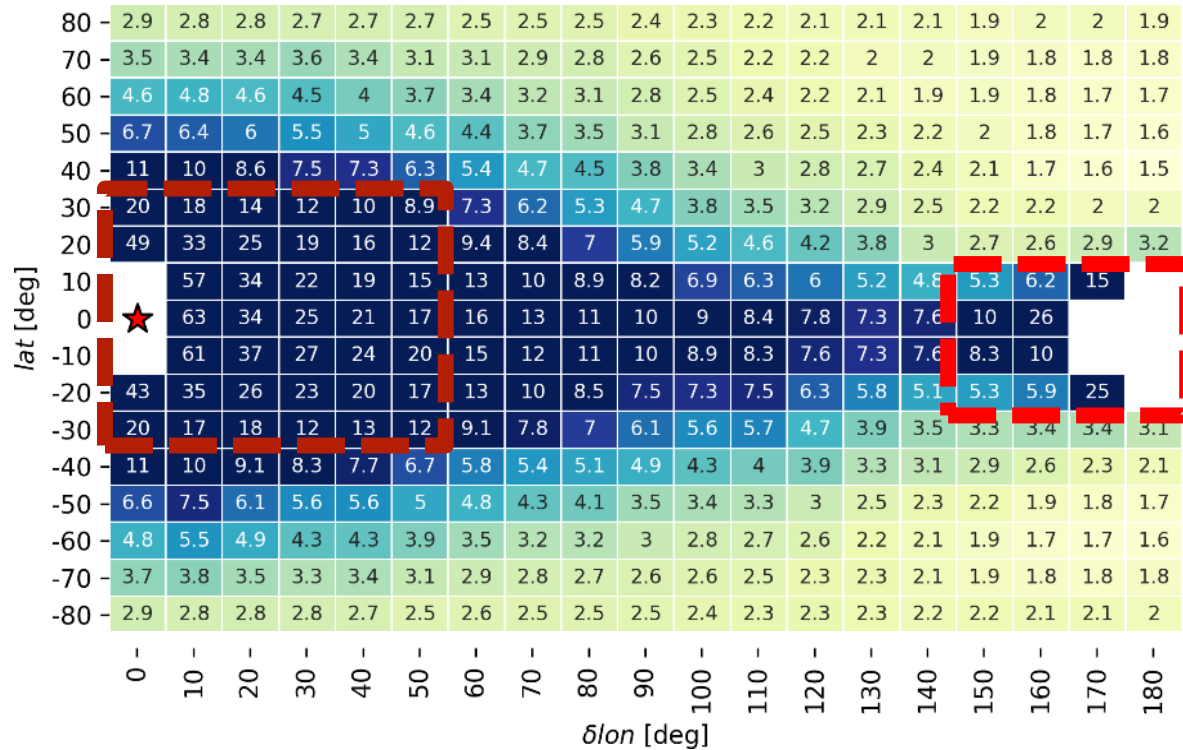
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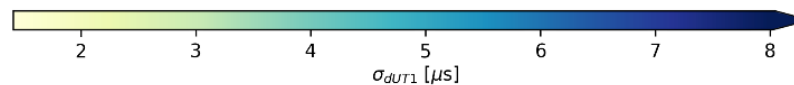
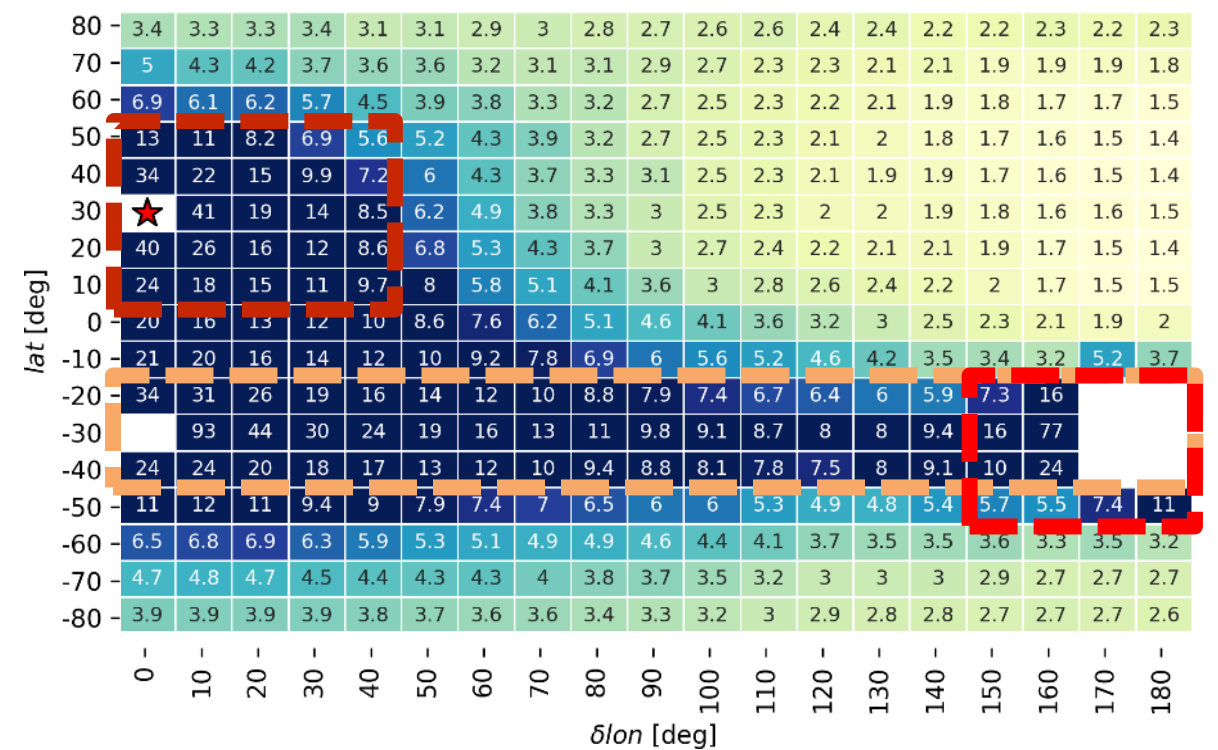
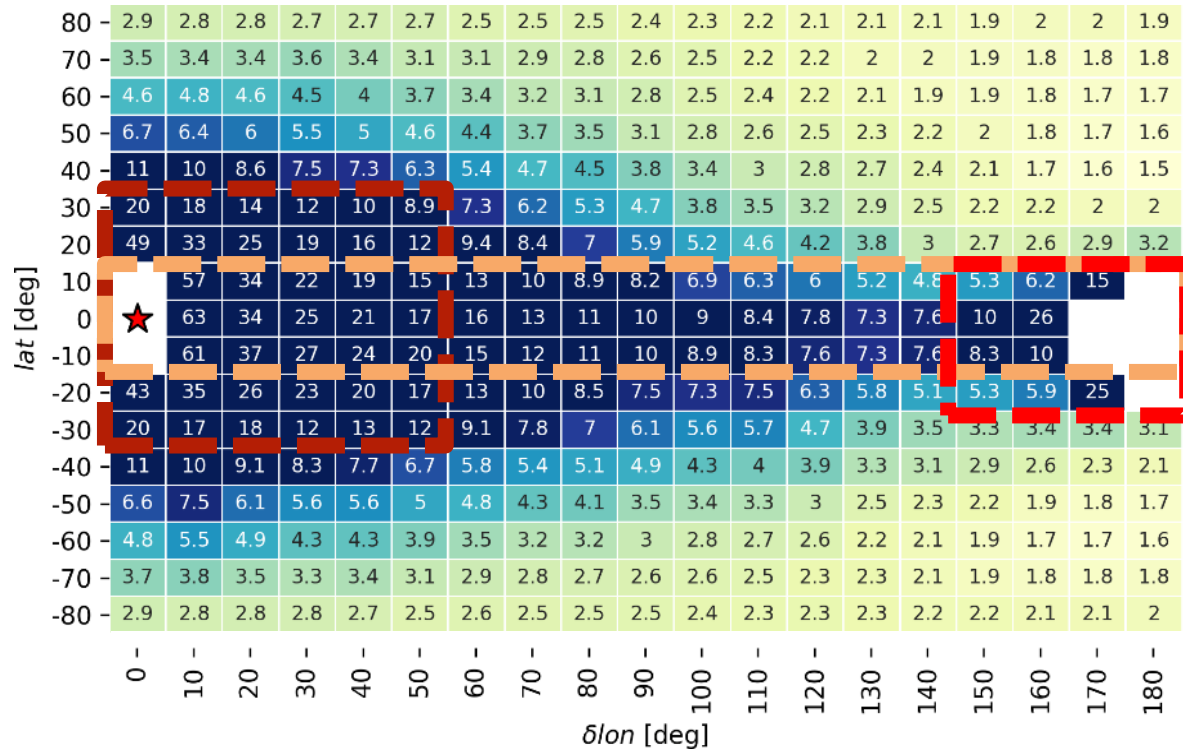
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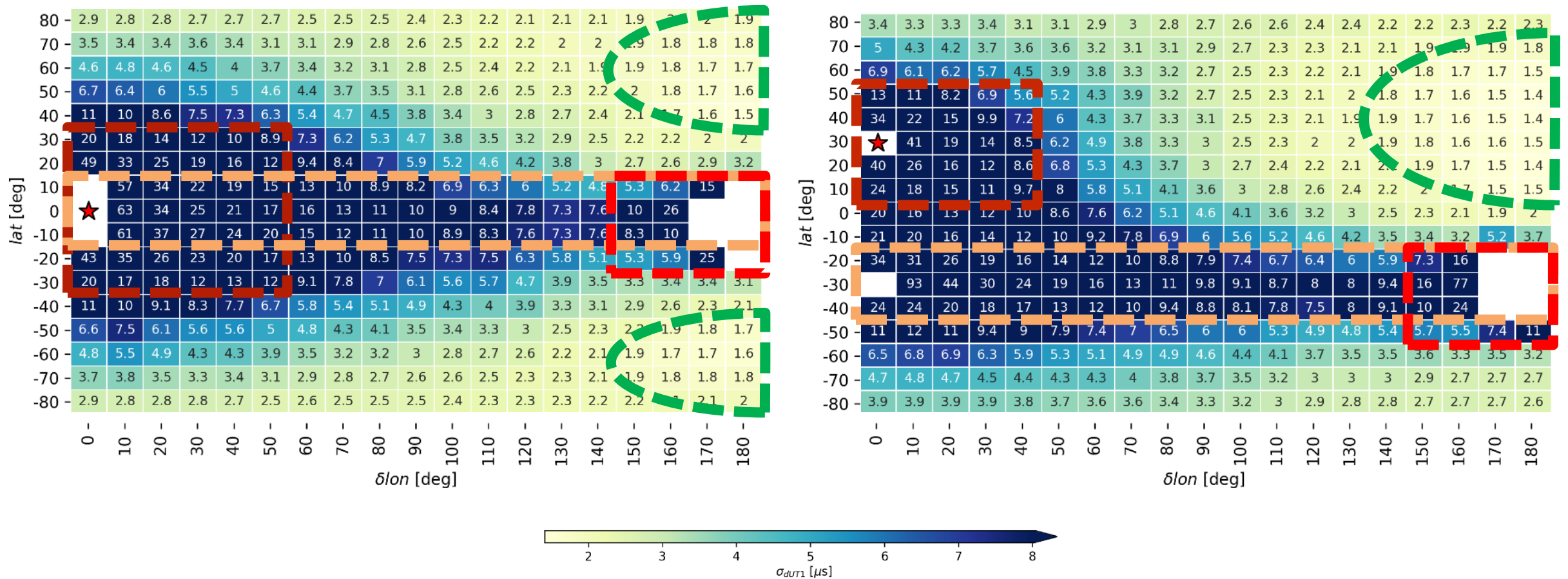
Optimal VLBI baseline geometry



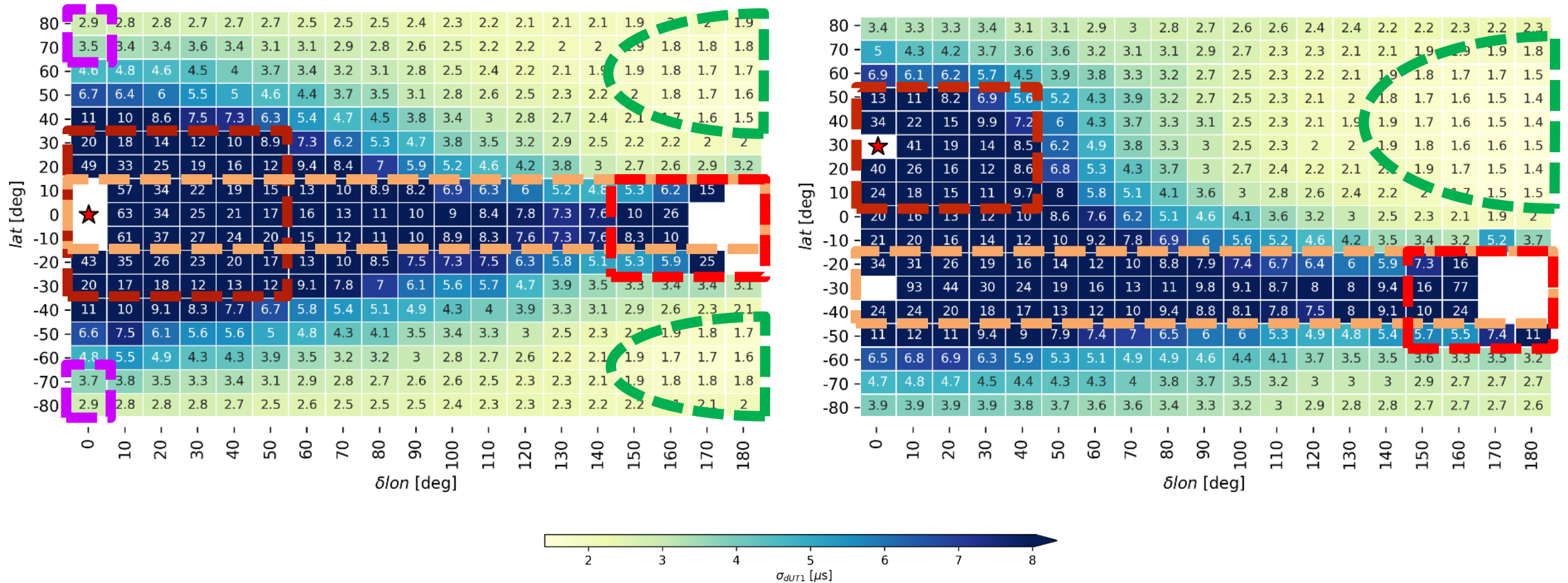
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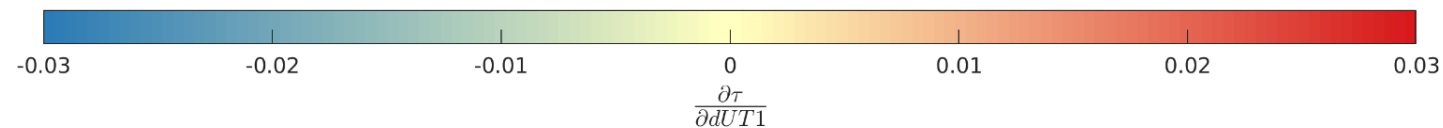
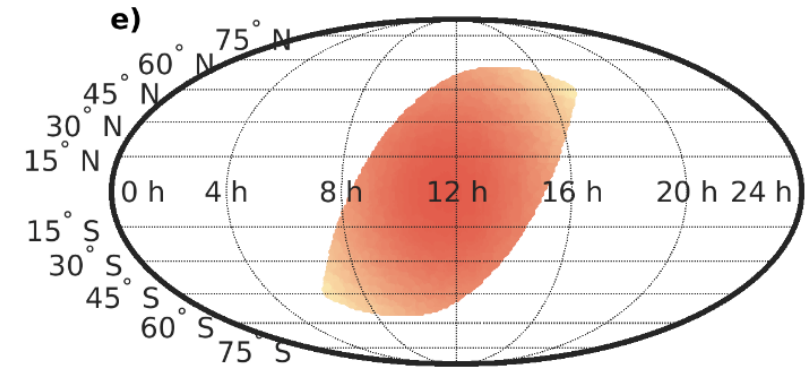
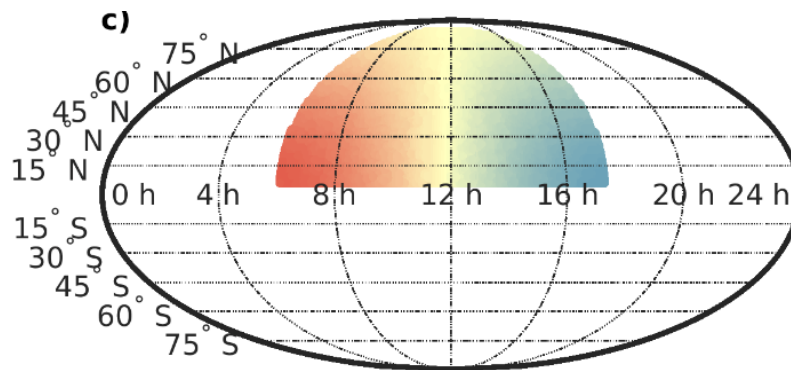
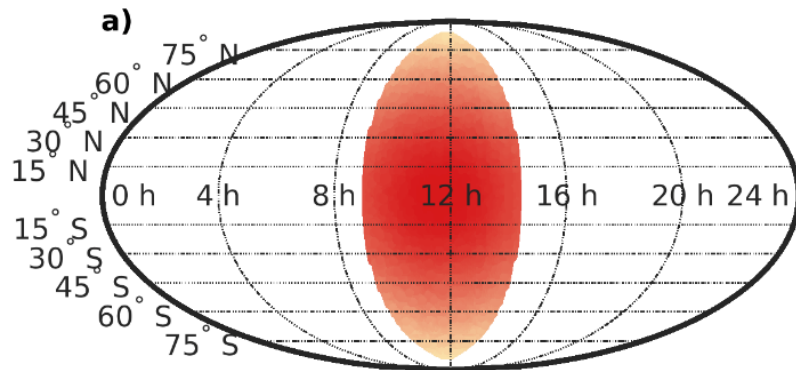
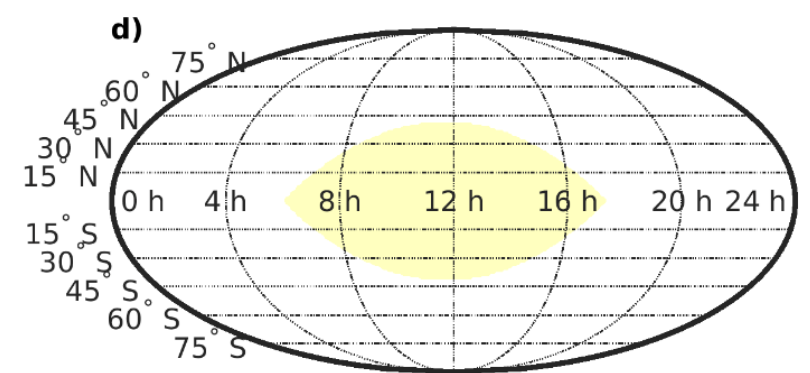
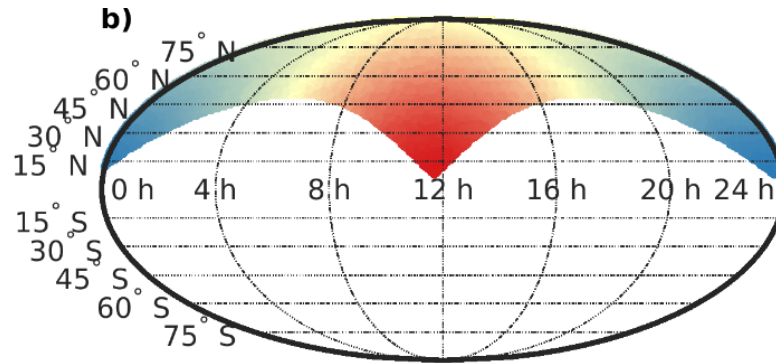
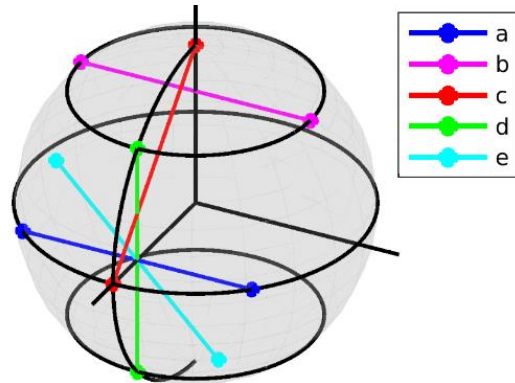
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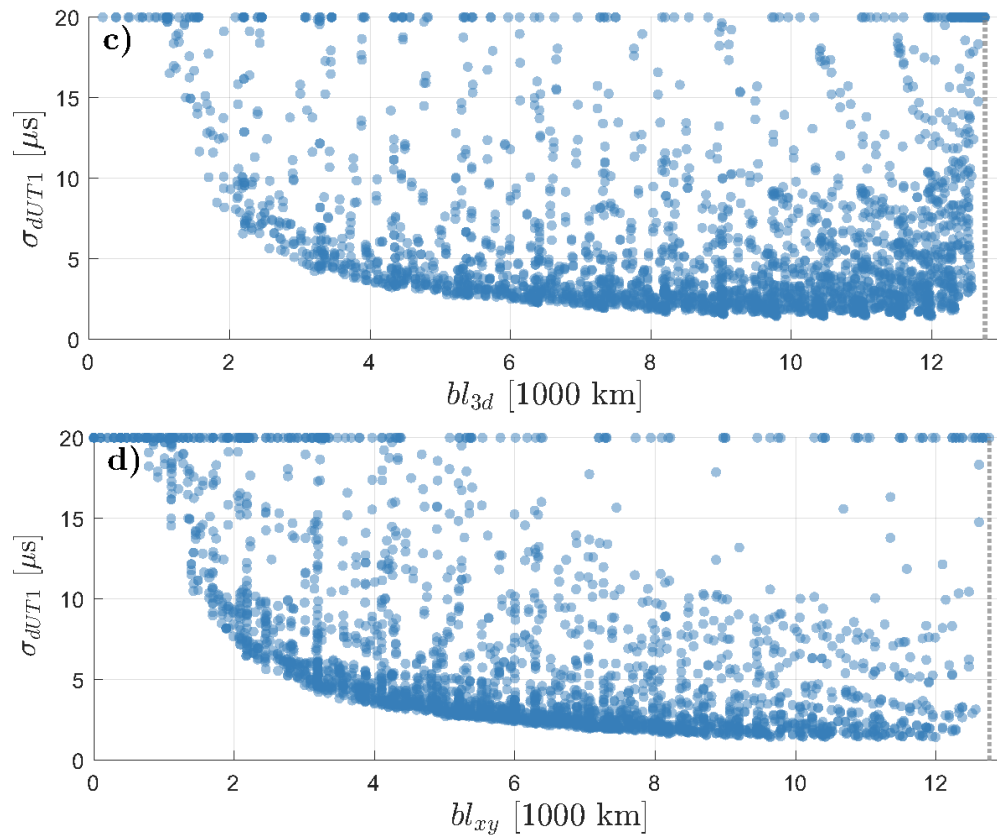


Partial derivative

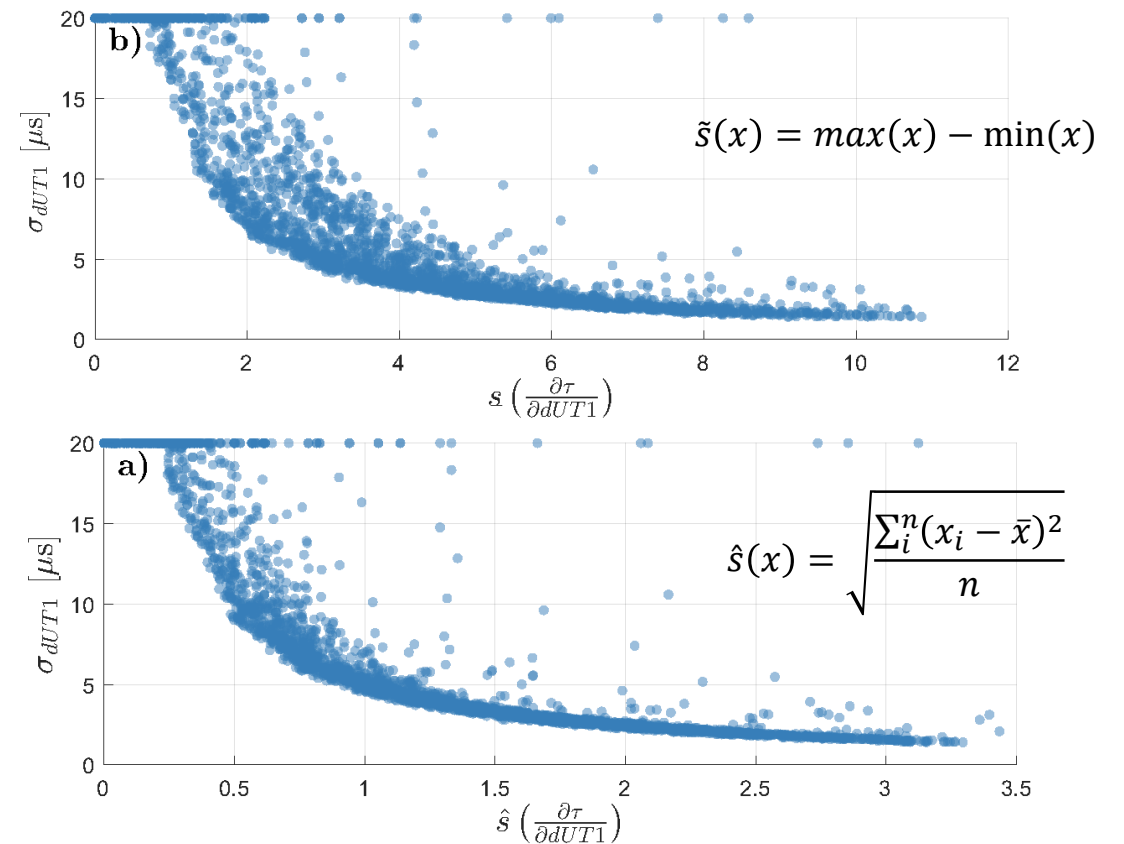


Intensive baseline quality metrics

- distribution of σ_{dUT1} w.r.t.:
 - baseline length



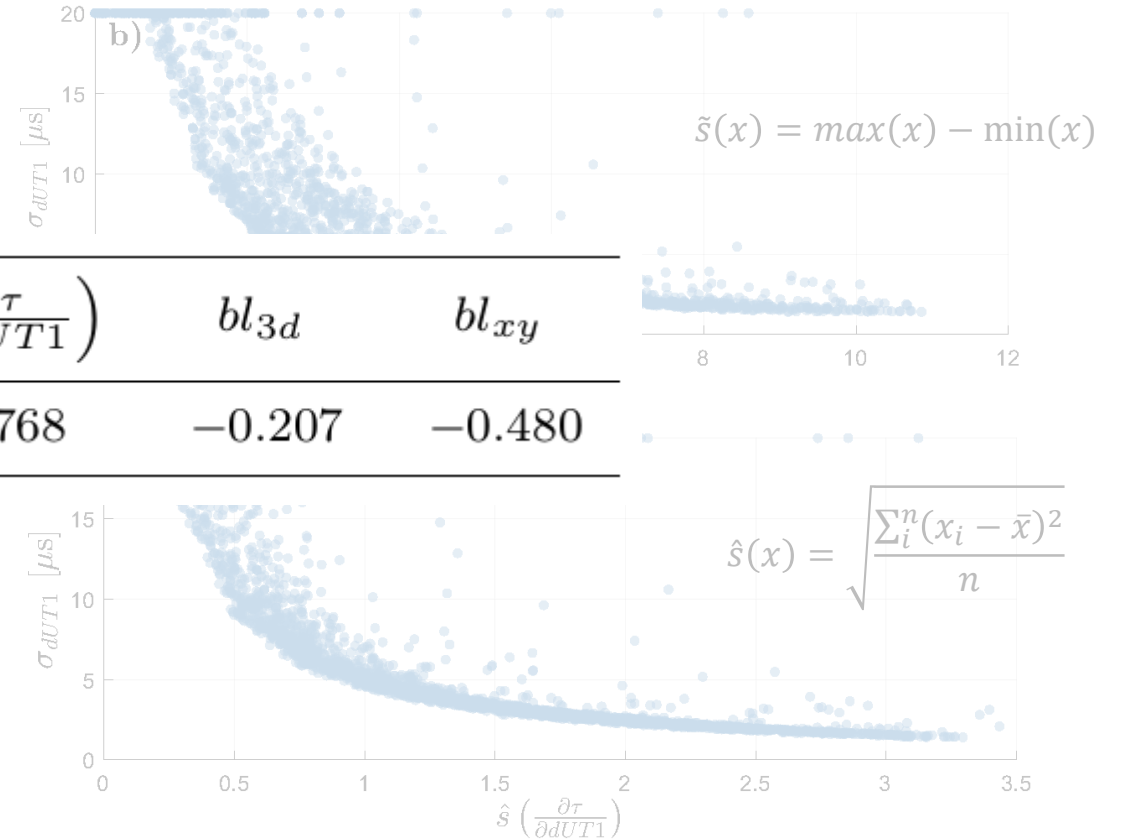
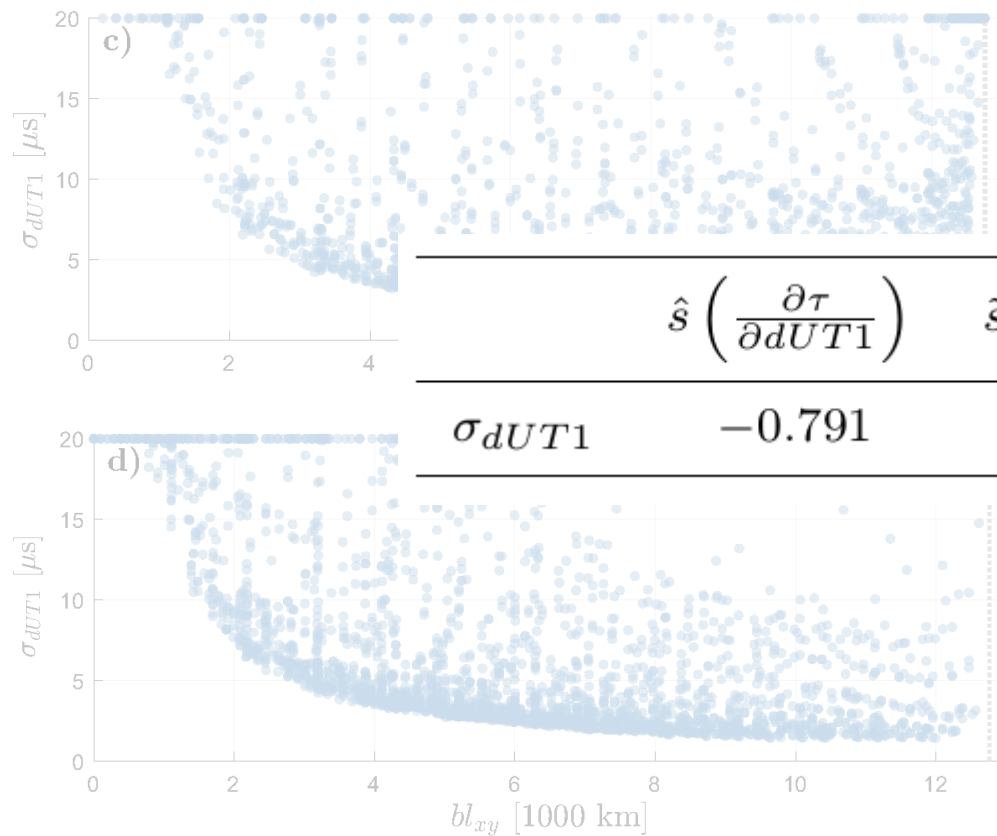
- variability of $\frac{\partial \tau}{\partial dUT1}$



Intensive baseline quality metrics

- distribution of σ_{dUT1} w.r.t.:
 - baseline length

- variability of $\frac{\partial \tau}{\partial dUT1}$



	$\hat{s}\left(\frac{\partial \tau}{\partial dUT1}\right)$	$\tilde{s}\left(\frac{\partial \tau}{\partial dUT1}\right)$	bl_{3d}	bl_{xy}
σ_{dUT1}	-0.791	-0.768	-0.207	-0.480

Conclusion

- ✓ provided a **global evaluation of VLBI baselines** for the rapid determination of dUT1 through Intensive sessions
- ✓ almost **3000 baselines** scheduled and simulated
- ✓ confirmed: **importance of corner observations**
- ✓ additional insight on **geometry of Intensive baselines**
- evaluation of Intensive baselines using **partial derivatives**

Thank you for your attention!

Contact:

lisa.kern@tuwien.ac.at

References:

Baver K, Gipson J (2015) Minimization of the UT1 Formal Error Trough a Minimization Algorithm. In: Proceedings of the 22nd European VLBI Group for Geodesy and Astronomy Working Meeting

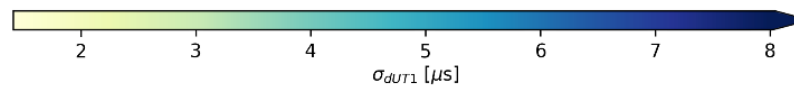
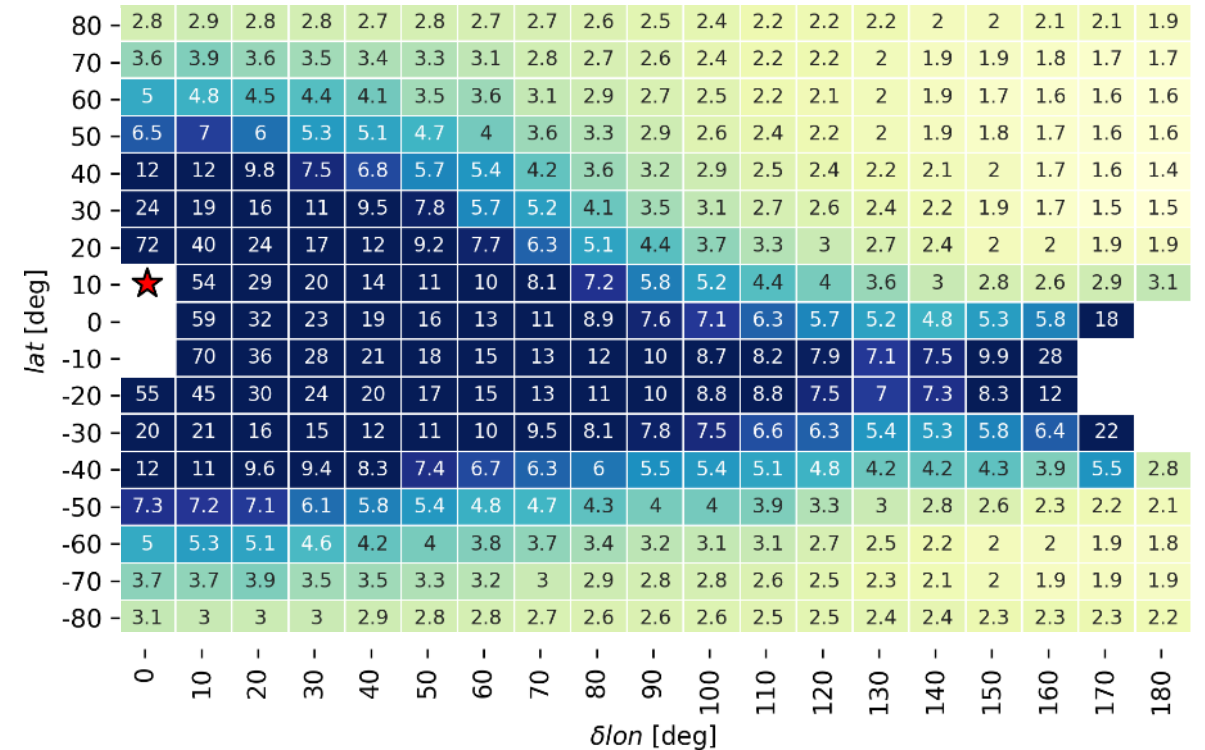
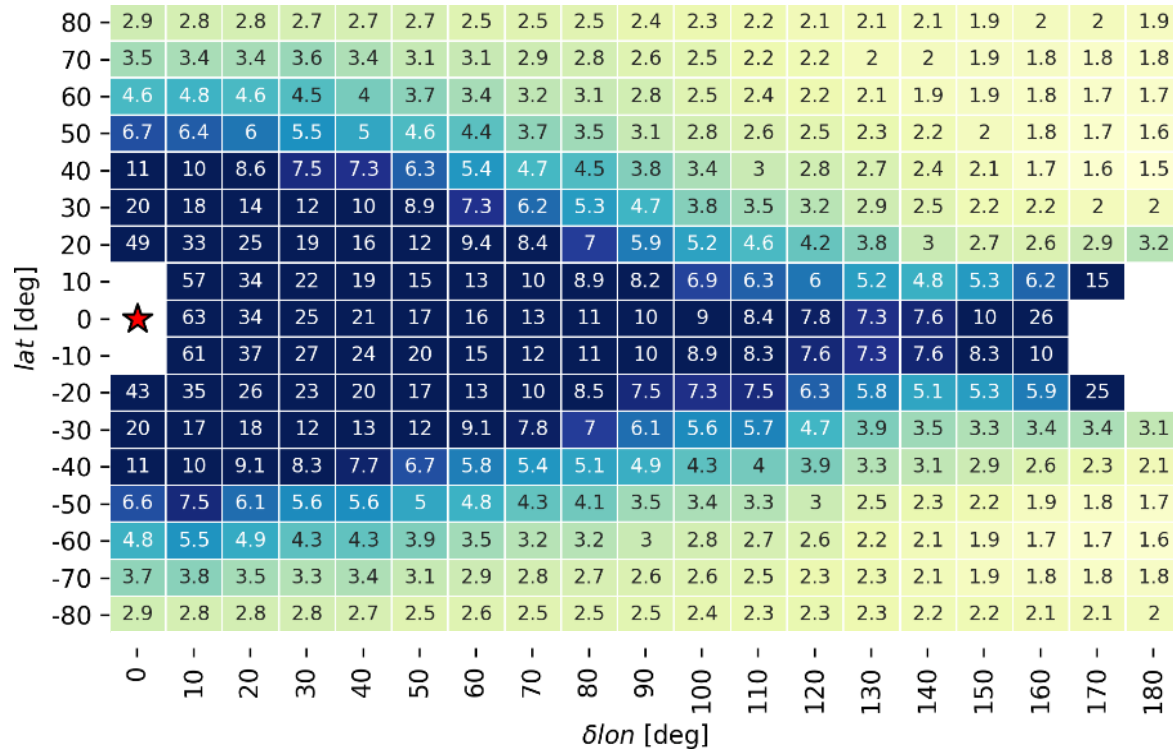
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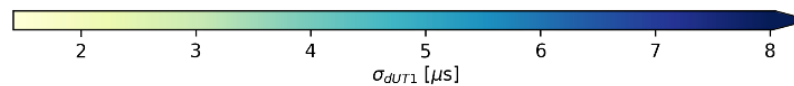
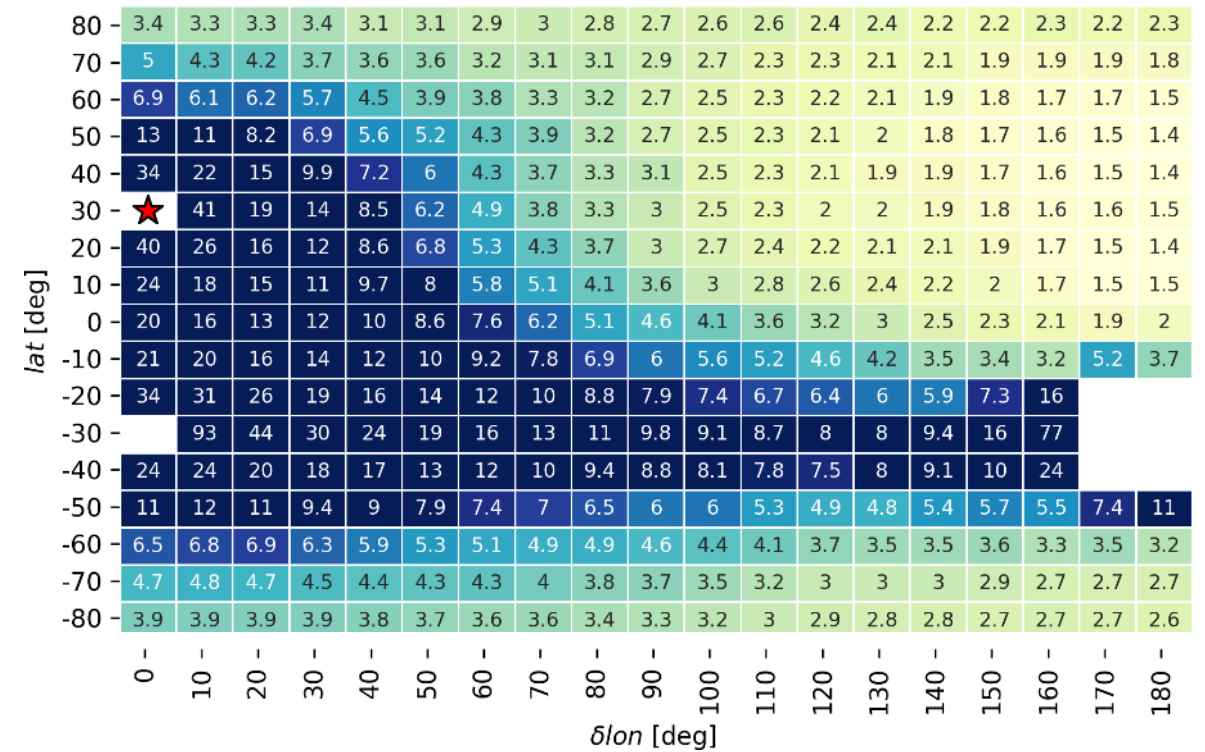
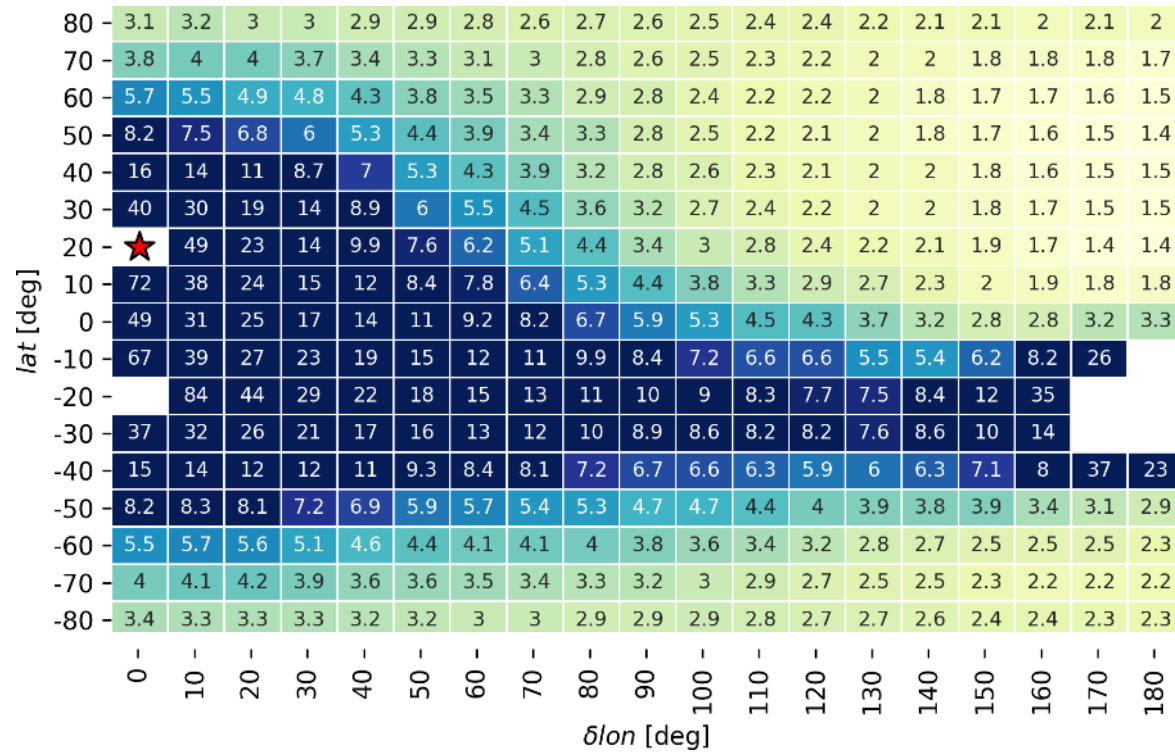
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Uunila M, Nothnagel A, Leek J (2012) Influence of Source Constellation on UT1 Derived from IVS INT1 Sessions. In: Behrend D, Baver KD (eds) International VLBI Service for Geodesy and Astronomy 2012 General Meeting Proceedings, pp 395-399

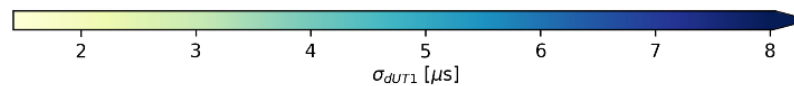
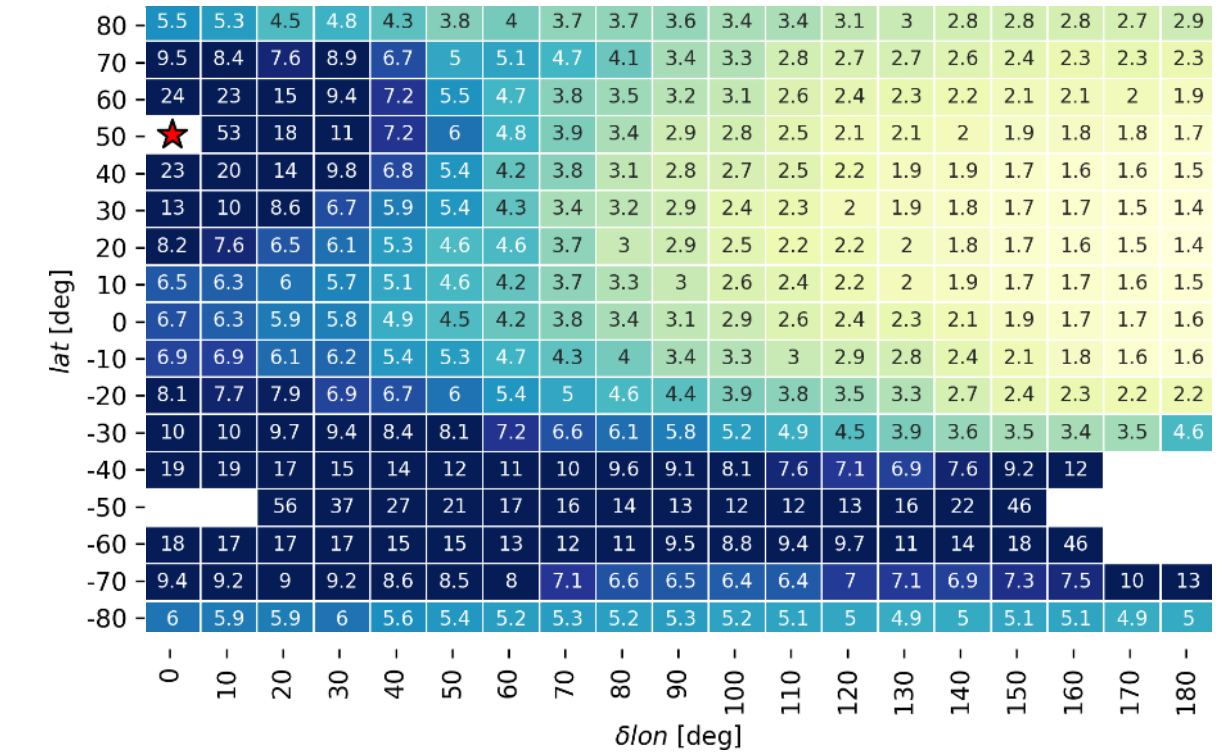
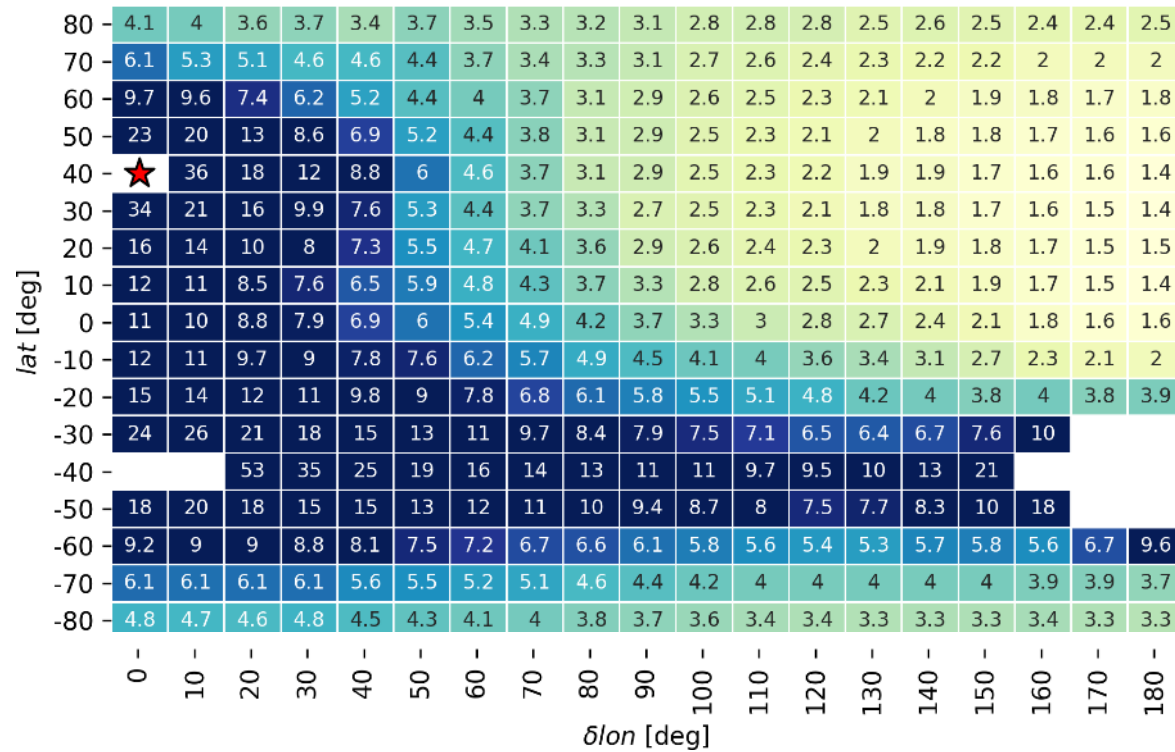
Appendix



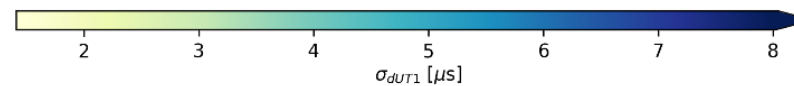
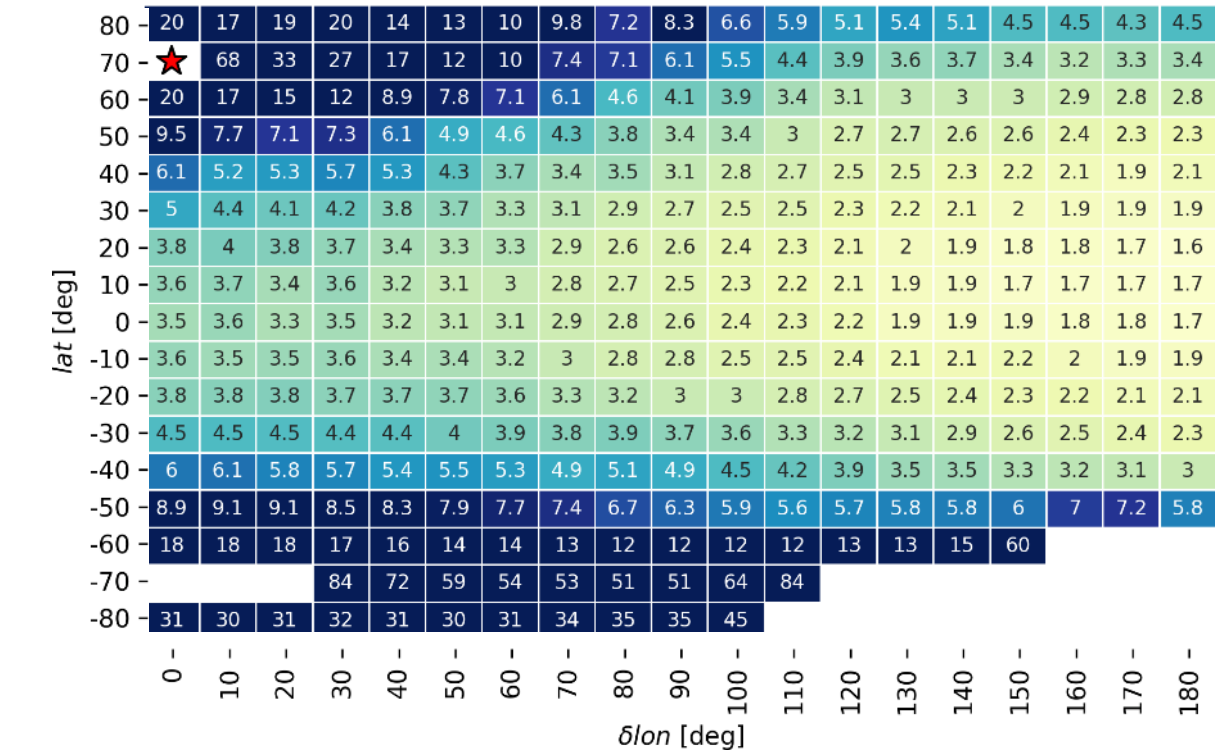
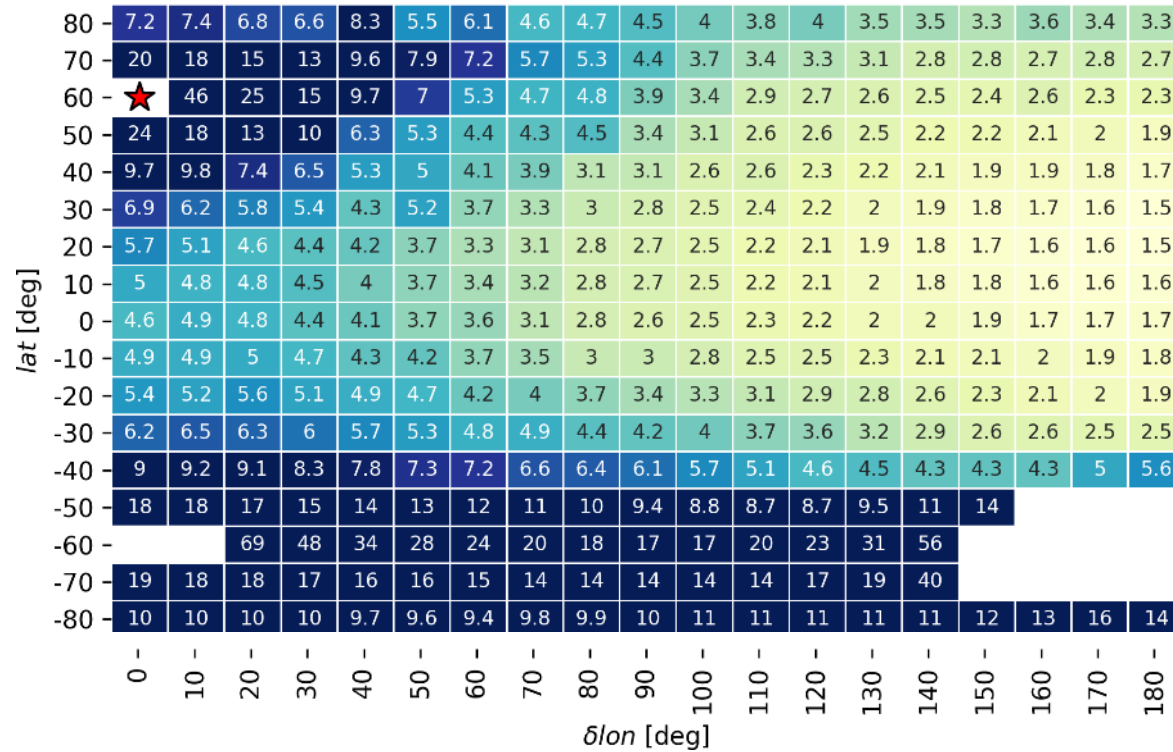
Appendix



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